Public Sector Climate Change Duties Reporting Template (Word Version) for Offline use only.

The online reporting form cannot be accessed via the ProcXed portal (for 2020 only)

PART 1: PROFILE OF REPORTING BODY

- 1(a) Name of reporting body (Revenue Scotland)
- 1(b) Type of body (Non Ministerial Office)
- 1(c) Highest number of full-time equivalent staff in the body during the report year

87

1(d) Metrics used by the body

Specify the metrics that the body uses to assess its performance in relation to climate change and sustainability.

Metric	Units	Value	Comments
Floor Area	m ²	713m2 Includes GB South, GH South and GH bridge	N/A – Shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Treated Water	ML		
Households supplied with water	Households		
Population supplied with treated water	Population		
Sewage treated	ML		
Households supplied sewage services	Households		
Population supplied with sewage services	Population		

Number of full-time students	Number FTS		
Patient bed nights	Number of patient bed nights		
Population size served	Population	We received over 120,000 tax returns for the devolved taxes in 2019-20.	
Other (Please specify in the comments)			

1(e) Overall budget of the body

Specify approximate £/annum for the report year.

	,	^		
±/		u	Z	m

Comments

None

1(f) Report year

Specify the report year.

2019/20

1(g) Context

Provide a summary of the body's nature and functions that are relevant to climate change reporting.

Revenue Scotland is a Non-Ministerial Office of the Scottish Government responsible for the administration and collection of devolved taxes in Scotland. Revenue Scotland is accountable to the Scottish Parliament. We operate independently of Ministerial influence and strategic direction is provided by our Board.

We administer Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) and Scottish Landfill Tax (SLfT). SLfT is particularly relevant to climate change reporting as it is a 'behavioural' tax, in that it is designed to change behaviour by reducing the volume going to landfill and thus reduce the tax yield rather than increase it, this directly contributes to a greener Scotland.

In addition, RS delegates some of its functions to the Scottish Environmental Protection Agency (SEPA) to help with the administering of SLfT. As advised on SEPA's website, "As a non-departmental public body of the Scottish Government, our role is to make sure that the

environment and human health are protected, to ensure that Scotland's natural resources and services are used as sustainably as possible and contribute to sustainable economic growth." (SEPA, 2019).

PART 2: GOVERNANCE, MANAGEMENT AND STRATEGY

2(a) How is climate change governed in the body?

Provide a summary of the roles performed by the body's governance bodies and members in relation to climate change. If any of the body's activities in relation to climate change sit outside its own governance arrangements (in relation to, for example, land use, adaptation, transport, business travel, waste, information and communication technology, procurement or behaviour change), identify these activities and the governance arrangements.

Revenue Scotland has a Board comprising of seven members and a Senior Leadership Team (SLT) comprising of 4 members, including the Chief Executive. Supporting both the Board and SLT is the Governance Team who manage environmental reporting. The GT are also responsible for oversight of our corporate policy including our procurement policy and our Green Strategy.

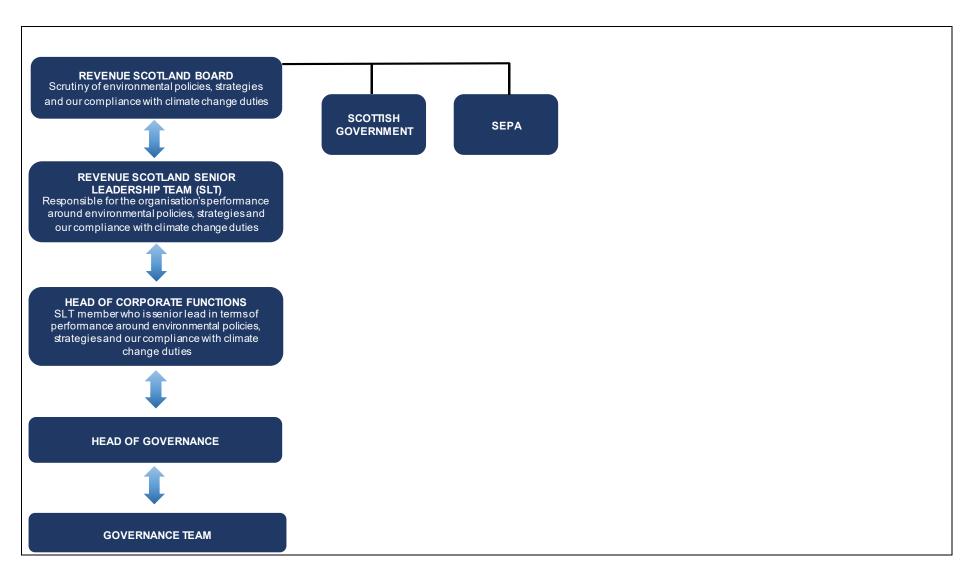
The RS Board is responsible for the scrutiny of environmental policies, strategies and our compliance with Climate Change duties. The Board is also responsible for oversight of the shared service arrangements whereby Scottish Government provides Revenue Scotland with accommodation including waste management, procurement advice, ICT and other services. Climate change reporting for these services is included within the Scottish Government Return.

Under the terms of the Revenue Scotland and Tax Powers Act 2014 (RSTPA), Revenue Scotland delegates some of it functions to the Scottish Environmental Protection Agency (SEPA), and the Board remain responsible for these activities. Climate change reporting for this service is included within the SEPA return. In addition to their Annual Report & Accounts, SEPA produces yearly data evidencing how they are meeting their Public Bodies Climate Change Duties. SEPA also manage the Scottish Landfill Communities Fund, a scheme which "encourages landfill site operators to provide contributions to organisations ('approved bodies') approved by the regulator, which in turn fund community and environmental projects," (Revenue Scotland, 2019).

Revenue Scotland is required to comply with the RSTPA and the Landfill Tax (Scotland) Act 2014 which confers collection and management functions of SLFT on RS.. SlfT is compliant with the Environment Act 1995. Ensuring compliance with legislation therefore informs how we approach climate change governance.

Provide a diagram / chart to outline the governance structure within the body. (JPEG, PNG, PDF, DOC)

See 2(b)



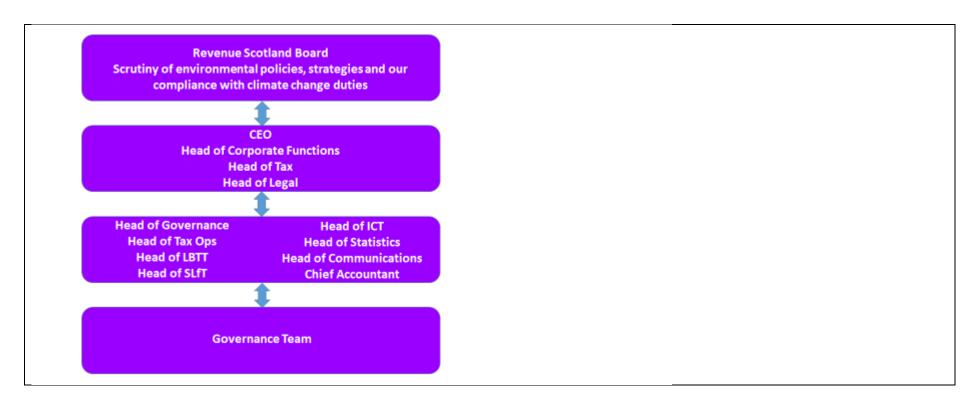
2(b) How is climate change action managed and embedded by the body?

Provide a summary of how decision-making in relation to climate change action by the body is managed and how responsibility is allocated to the body's senior staff, departmental heads etc. If any such decision-making sits outside the body's own governance arrangements (in relation to, for example, land use, adaptation, transport, business travel, waste, information and communication technology, procurement or behaviour change), identify how this is managed and how responsibility is allocated outside the body (JPEG, PNG, PDF, DOC)

Our Corporate Plan (2018-2021) highlights the compliance work undertaken by Revenue Scotland and SEPA and the work SEPA take forward in regards to the Scottish Landfill Communities Fund which has as its purpose the protection and improvement of environmental standards in communities following the existence of a landfill site. Climate Change action is therefore recognised at a strategic level, which informs our day-to-day activities.

Day to day decisions which impact on the carbon-footprint of the organisation (e.g. transport, business travel, waste, information management etc.) are directly managed by individual teams, within organisational policy which is overseen by the Governance Team. Proposed changes would be passed to the SLT for approval and to the Board for strategic/policy changes. The RS Board and Committees meet regularly to discuss staffing and equality and audit and risk issues. Action points raised in relation to climate change are taken forward by the Head of Corporate Functions with assistance from Head of Governance. Delegated Functions (SEPA) have their own governance arrangements. Compliance with these governance arrangements is assessed on a yearly basis through a Certificate of Assurance process. RS accommodation and related services are provided by the Scottish Government under a shared services agreement and so sit outwith RS itself.

Provide a diagram to show how responsibility is allocated to the body's senior staff, departmental heads etc.



2(c) Does the body have specific climate change mitigation and adaptation objectives in its corporate plan or similar document? Provide a brief summary of objectives if they exist.

Wording of Objective	Name of Document	Link
N/A		

2(d) Does the body have a climate change plan or strategy?

If yes, provide the name of any such document and details of where a copy of the document may be obtained or accessed.

Revenue Scotland Green Strategy

2(e) Does the body have any plans or strategies covering the following areas that include climate change?

Provide the name of any such document and the timeframe covered.

Topic Area	Name of document	Link	Time period covered	Comments
Adaptation				
Business Travel	SG Sustainable Travel Strategy	http://www.gov.scot/About/Information/travel- strategy	2015-2020	None
Staff Travel	SG Sustainable Travel Strategy	http://www.gov.scot/About/Information/travel- strategy	2015-2020	None
Energy efficiency	RS Green Strategy	https://www.revenue.scot/contact-us/freedom- information-guide/class-5-how-we-manage-our- resources	2015-2020	None
Fleet transport	N/A			
Information and communication technology	RS Green Strategy	https://www.revenue.scot/contact-us/freedom- information-guide/class-5-how-we-manage-our- resources	2015-2020	None
Renewable Energy				
Sustainable / Renewable Heat				
Waste Management	RS Green Strategy	https://www.revenue.scot/contact-us/freedom-information-guide/class-5-how-we-manage-our-resources	2015-2020	None
Water and sewerage				
Land Use				
Other (state topic area covered in the comments)				

2(f) What are the body's top 5 priorities for climate change governance, management and strategy for the year ahead? Provide a brief summary of the body's areas and activities of focus for the year ahead.

Business Travel, Staff Travel, Energy Efficiency, Information and Communication Technology, Waste Management. Also, Revenue Scotland's Green Strategy is due for review soon and the remit for this will include consideration of Revenue Scotland's wider impact and influence with regards to sustainability.

2(g) Has the body used the Climate Change Assessment Tool(a) or equivalent tool to self-assess its capability / performance? If yes, please provide details of the key findings and resultant action taken.

We have not used the Climate Change Assessment Tool (CCAT) to assess our capability and performance in the 2019-20 reporting period. We may use the CCAT to inform our reporting on the 2020-21 reporting period.

a) This refers to the tool developed by Resource Efficient Scotland for self-assessing an organisation's capability / performance in relation to climate change.

2(h) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to governance, management and strategy.

N/A

PART 3: EMISSIONS, TARGETS AND PROJECTS

3a Emissions from start of the year which the body uses as a baseline (for its carbon footprint) to the end of the report year.

Complete the following table using the greenhouse gas emissions total for the body calculated on the same basis as for its annual carbon footprint /management reporting or, where applicable, its sustainability reporting. Include greenhouse gas emissions from the body's

estate and operations (a) (measured and reported in accordance with Scopes 1 & 2 and, to the extent applicable, selected Scope 3 of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (b)). If data is not available for any year from the start of the year which is used as a baseline to the end of the report year, provide an explanation in the comments column.

- (a) No information is required on the effect of the body on emissions which are not from its estate and operations.
- (b) This refers to the document entitled "The greenhouse gas protocol. A corporate accounting and reporting standard (revised edition)", World Business Council for Sustainable Development, Geneva, Switzerland / World Resources Institute, Washington DC, USA (2004), ISBN: 1-56973-568-9.

Reference	Year	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	Total	Units	Comments
Year							
Baseline							N/A – unable
Carbon							to calculate as
footprint							main footprint
							comes from
							shared Office
							Space at
							Victoria Quay,
							Edinburgh.
							This includes
							waste
							management,
							energy etc.
							The Scottish
							Government
							report for the
							whole of
							Victoria Quay.

3b Breakdown of emission sources

Complete the following table with the breakdown of emission sources from the body's most recent carbon footprint (greenhouse gas inventory); this should correspond to the last entry in the table in 3(a) above. Use the 'Comments' column to explain what is included within each category of emission source entered in the first column. If, for any such category of emission source, it is not possible to provide a simple emission factor(a) leave the field for the emission factor blank and provide the total emissions for that category of emission source in the 'Emissions' column.

3c Generation, consumption and export of renewable energy

Provide a summary of the body's annual renewable generation (if any), and whether it is used or exported by the body.

	Renewab	le Electricity	Renew	able Heat	
Technology*	Total consumed by the organisation (kWh)	Total exported (kWh)	Total consumed by the organisation (kWh)	Total exported (kWh)	Comments
Solar PV					N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Solar Thermal					N/A
Wind					N/A
Hydro					N/A
Wave					N/A
Tidal					N/A
Biogas CHP					N/A
Landfill Gas CHP					N/A
Biomass					N/A
Biogas					N/A

Air Source Heat			N/A
Pump			
Ground Source Heat			N/A
Pump			
Water Source Heat			N/A
Pump			
Other			N/A

^{*}These are the list of entries provided within the form that can be selected from the dropdown menu and the corresponding consumption / export data can be entered under the appropriate heading.

3d Targets

List all of the body's targets of relevance to its climate change duties. Where applicable, overall carbon targets and any separate land use, energy efficiency, waste, water, information and communication technology, transport, travel and heat targets should be included.

Name of target	Type of target	Target	Units	Boundary / Scope of Target	Progress against target	Year used as baseline	Baseline figure	Units of baseline	Target completion year	Comments
	(Drop		(Drop down	(Drop down				(Drop		N/A – unable
	down		menu options	menu				down		to calculate
	menu		of: total %	options of:				menu		as main
	options of:		reduction;	All emissions;				options of:		footprint
	absolute;		annual %	Energy use in				kWh;		comes from
	annual;		reduction;	buildings; All				MWh;		shared Office
	percentage		tCO2e	energy use;				GWh; kg;		Space at
	or cap)		reduction;	Staff travel;				tonnes;		Victoria
			tonnes	Transport;				litres; M3;		Quay,
			reduction;	Waste;				km; miles;		Edinburgh.
			MWh	Water and				passenger		This includes
			reduction;	sewerage;				km;		waste

kWh	Server room	passenger	management,
reduction;	energy	miles;	energy etc.
M3	consumption;	tCO2e;	The Scottish
reduction; £	Other	kgCO2e;	Government
reduction;	(specify in	£; Other	report for the
Litres	comments)	(specify in	whole of
reduction;	,	comments)	Victoria
Kilometres			Quay.
reduction;			
Power Usage			
Effectiveness;			
% increase;			
Other (specify			
in comments)			

Estimated total annual carbon savings from all projects implemented by the body in the report year

If no projects were implemented against an emissions source, enter "0".

If the body does not have any information for an emissions source, enter "Unknown" into the comments box.

If the body does not include the emissions source in its carbon footprint, enter "N/A" into the comments box.

Emissions Source	Total estimated annual carbon savings (tCO ₂ e)	Comments
Electricity		N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.

Natural Gas	N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Other heating fuels	N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Waste	N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Water and sewerage	N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Business Travel	Unknown
Fleet Transport	N/A
Other (specify in comments)	N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish

	Government report for the whole of Victoria
	Quay.

3f Detail the top 10 carbon reduction projects to be carried out by the body in the report year

Provide details of the 10 projects which are estimated to achieve the highest carbon savings during report year.

Project	Funding	First	Are these	Capital	Operational	Project	Primary	Estimated	Estimated	Behaviour	Comments
Name	Source	full	savings	Cost (£)	cost (£ /	lifetime	fuel /	costs	costs	Change	
		year of	estimated		annum)	(years)	emission	savings	savings /	aspects	
		CO2e	or actual?				source	(£/annum)	annum	including	
		savings					saved			use of ISM	
* See							(Select				
below							from				
							drop				
							down				
							list)				

* Energy consumption

- Ensure lights and A/V equipment is switched off when not in use,
- Ensure pc's are switched off when not in use,
- Ensure windows are not left open when office is closed to minimize heat loss
- Encouraging the Cycle to Work Scheme
- Development of the Records Management Plan which includes a commitment to become a fully digital office

3g Estimated decrease or increase in the body's emissions attributed to factors (not reported elsewhere in this form) in the report year. If the emissions increased or decreased due to any such factor in the report year, provide an estimate of the amount and direction.

Emissions source	Total estimated annual	Increase or decrease in	Comments
	emissions (tC0₂e)	emissions	

Estate Changes		N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Service provision		N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.
Staff numbers	Increase	We have experienced an increase in staff numbers but we anticipated that through greener policies such as using teleconference facilities this would contribute positively to the reduction in our carbon footprint
Other (specify in comments)		N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.

3h Anticipated annual carbon savings from all projects implemented by the body in the year ahead

If no projects were implemented against an emissions source, enter "0".

If the body does not have any information for an emissions source, enter "Unknown" into the comments box.

If the body does not include the emissions source in its carbon footprint, enter "N/A" into the comments box.

Emissions Source	Total estimated annual carbon savings (tCO ₂ e)	Comments
Electricity		N/A
Natural Gas		N/A
Other heating fuels		N/A
Waste		N/A
Water and sewerage		N/A
Business Travel		Unknown
Fleet Transport		N/A
Other (specify in comments)		N/A – unable to calculate as main footprint comes from shared Office Space at Victoria Quay, Edinburgh. This includes waste management, energy etc. The Scottish Government report for the whole of Victoria Quay.

3i Estimated decrease or increase in the body's emissions attributed to factors (not reported elsewhere in this form) in the year ahead.

If the emissions are likely to increase or decrease due to any such factor in the year ahead, provide an estimate of the amount and direction.

Emissions source	Total estimated annual emissions (tCO₂e)	Increase or decrease in emissions	Comments
Estate Changes			N/A
Service provision			N/A
Staff numbers			Unknown

Other (specify in comments)	N/A – unable to calculate as
	main footprint comes from
	shared Office Space at Victoria
	Quay, Edinburgh. This includes
	waste management, energy etc.
	The Scottish Government report
	for the whole of Victoria Quay.

^{3j} Total carbon reduction project savings since the start of the year which the body uses as a baseline for its carbon footprint

If the body has data available, estimate the total emissions savings made from projects since the start of that year ("the baseline year").

Total savings	Total estimated emissions savings (tC0 ₂ e)	Comments
Total project savings since the		N/A – unable to calculate as main
baseline year		footprint comes from shared
		Office Space at Victoria Quay,
		Edinburgh. This includes waste
		management, energy etc. The
		Scottish Government report for
		the whole of Victoria Quay.

3k Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to its emissions, targets and projects.

Revenue Scotland uses a corporate travel booking service, which provides the organisation with monthly updates in regards to travel booked and the corresponding CO2 emissions.

In addition, we have started monitoring the usage of our printers as a step to move towards a paperless greener office.

There are many costs associated with printing including the energy cost to run the printer servers – this can be as much as 3000 kWh per year plus the associated contribution to global warming due to excessive paper use.

We are using printer policies where by the default settings of the share printers have been changed from "single-sided" to "double-sided" to save paper. We are reminding staff to think before printing in order to avoid wasting paper, ink and toner.

The charts, in the attached document below, show the usage per quarter of our three different printers - starting in April 2019 to March 2020. They also show the percentage of black and white printing against colour printing.

In future reports we will compare results and aim to reduce our current usage percentages and numbers.

Given that, due to COVID-19, Revenue Scotland staff have been working from home, we expect our 2020-21 return to show a significant decrease in printer usage.

Printer usage 2019-20



In addition to the above priorities, Revenue Scotland intends to work towards the following activities and strategies to tackle climate change. Ideas include:

- Actively promote car sharing and active travel such as cycling or walking to work
- Promoting the different ways in which our staff can support the Bee population to encourage pollination at Victoria Quay.
- Revenue Scotland will sign up to take part in Green Office Week, which is a UK wide event which takes place once a year and encourages office to become greener in their habits*
- Implementation of the Records Management Plan which sets as a goal the ambition for RS to operate as a paperless office
- Business Management Team are monitoring stationary ordering to ensure it is efficient as possible
- Encourage the use of OneNote as an alternative to paper notebooks. This will include training for staff.
- Promoting teleconferences as opposed to face-to-face meetings which can have a large carbon footprint
- For external engagements, RS intends to take the time to ensure that venues and other operational requirements are environmentally friendly
- All of the above activities would be supported and socialised throughout the organisation for example via the All Staff Weekly Meeting or the new starter induction programme*
- This report will be distributed to staff in PDF format via email to ensure colleagues are informed of the importance of climate change mitigation and adaptation

Please note, ideas marked with an asterisk are subject to SLT and/or Board approval.

These ideas were included in our 2019-20 return. For the 2020-21 period, whilst staff are working from home, many will not be relevant such as car sharing and cycling to work. Some, such as promoting teleconferences as opposed to face-to-face meetings, will have become embedded naturally. Those ideas that can be continued whilst not in an office environment, will continue to be encouraged.

PART 4: ADAPTATION

4(a) Has the body assessed current and future climate-related risks?

If yes, provide a reference or link to any such risk assessment(s).

The Governance Team regularly assesses and updates the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Incident Management Plan (IMP). Both of these documents consider directly current and future climate related risks such as adverse weather conditions and offers solutions to these issues. Following severely disruptive winter weather in February/March 2018, Revenue Scotland undertook a lessons learned exercise to assess the organisation's performance against the BCP. This exercise allowed RS to consider whether the BCP and IMP were fit for purpose to respond to climate-related risks.

4(b) What arrangements does the body have in place to manage climate-related risks?

Provide details of any climate change adaptation strategies, action plans and risk management procedures, and any climate change adaptation policies which apply across the body.

The Governance Team regularly assesses and updates the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Incident Management Plan (IMP). Both of these documents consider directly current and future climate related risks such as adverse weather conditions and offers solutions to these issues.

The RS IMP makes specific reference to severe weather events. Activation of the IMP would lead to a meeting of all Incident Management Team (IMT) members and a four step process aimed at ensuring business continuity. This meeting is used to establish the facts and immediate next steps. The IMP states that in the case of severe weather, the IMT should determine the most appropriate course of action (i.e. to invoke the BCP, put that decision on hold, or stand down). In order to do so, they must:

- Assess which business processes are impacted and confirm recovery objectives
- Consider what resources are required to deliver these priorities to a minimum level" (Incident Management Plan, 2019)

4(c) What action has the body taken to adapt to climate change?

(Source – RS Green Strategy)

Include details of work to increase awareness of the need to adapt to climate change and build the capacity of staff and stakeholders to assess risk and implement action.

RS recognise that a robust climate change governance and management structure which engages staff at all levels is essential to ensuring that climate change action is being implemented efficiently and is embedded in our organisational culture, see RS structure at 2b. However, RS have not taken any specific steps beyond the objectives within the Green Strategy to adapt to climate change. RS recognises the need to increase awareness and build capacity and plan to address this in the next reporting year.

4(d) Where applicable, what progress has the body made in delivering the policies and proposals referenced N1, N2, N3, B1, B2, B3, S1, S2 and S3 in the Scottish Climate Change Adaptation Programme(a) ("the Programme")? (Please note this table is for illustration only – the table in the form can be edited to include multiple policy / proposal references if required).

If the body is listed in the Programme as a body responsible for the delivery of one or more policies and proposals under the objectives N1, N2, N3, B1,B2, B3, S1, S2 and S3, provide details of the progress made by the body in delivering each policy or proposal in the report year. If it is not responsible for delivering any policy or proposal under a particular objective enter "N/A" in the 'Delivery progress made' column for that objective.

Objective	Objective	Theme	Policy / Proposal	Delivery progress	Comments
	Reference		reference	made	
Understand the effects of climate change and their impacts on the natural environment.	N1	Natural Environment	(Drop down menu to choose).		N/A
Support a healthy and diverse natural environment with capacity to adapt.	N2	Natural Environment			N/A

Sustain and enhance the	N3	Natural Environment		N/A
benefits, goods and services	INO	ivaturai Liivii OiiiiiEIIL		IV/A
that the natural environment				
provides.				
	D4	Decitation on a second		N1/A
Understand the effects of	B1	Buildings and		N/A
climate change and their		Infrastructure		
impacts on buildings and		Networks		
infrastructure networks.				
Provide the knowledge, skills	B2	Buildings and		N/A
and tools to manage		Infrastructure		
climate change impacts on		Networks		
buildings and infrastructure.				
Increase the resilience of	В3	Buildings and		N/A
buildings and infrastructure		Infrastructure		
networks to sustain and		Networks		
enhance the benefits and				
services provided.				
Understand the effects of	S1	Society		N/A
climate change and their				
impacts on people, homes and				
communities.				
Increase the awareness of the	S2	Society		N/A
impacts of climate				
change to enable people to				
adapt to future extreme				
weather events.				
Support our health services and	S3	Society		N/A
emergency responders				
to enable them to respond				
effectively to the increased				

pressures associated with a			
changing climate.			

(a) This refers to the programme for adaptation to climate change laid before the Scottish Parliament under section 53(2) of the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 (asp 12) which currently has effect. The most recent one is entitled "Climate Ready Scotland: Scottish Climate Change Adaptation Programme" dated May 2014.

4(e) What arrangements does the body have in place to review current and future climate risks?

Provide details of arrangements to review current and future climate risks, for example, what timescales are in place to review the climate change risk

assessments referred to in Question 4(a) and adaptation strategies, action plans, procedures and policies in Question 4(b).

The Governance Team regularly assesses and updates the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Incident Management Plan (IMP). Both of these documents consider directly current and future climate related risks such as adverse weather conditions and offers solutions to these issues. This is reviewed annually. Revenue Scotland therefore assesses climate related risks within the context of the BCP and IMP, not through a forum dedicated to our climate change responsibilities. RS plan to address and review this in the next reporting year.

4(f) What arrangements does the body have in place to monitor and evaluate the impact of the adaptation actions?

Please provide details of monitoring and evaluation criteria and adaptation indicators used to assess the effectiveness of actions detailed under Question 4(c) and Question 4(d).

Lessons Learned sessions are undertaken following any incidents (see 4a).

4(g) What are the body's top 5 priorities for the year ahead in relation to climate change adaptation?

Provide a summary of the areas and activities of focus for the year ahead.

Business Travel, Staff Travel, Energy Efficiency, Information and Communication Technology, Waste Management.

4(h) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to adaptation.

N/A

PART 5: PROCUREMENT

5(a) How have procurement policies contributed to compliance with climate change duties?

Provide information relating to how the procurement policies of the body have contributed to its compliance with climate changes duties.

Our Shared services arrangements mean that some of the key areas that we would be seeking to procure for example IT, HR and accommodation are obtained through SG and therefore the carbon footprint is minimised.

We are aware that the Scottish Government reported in their 2018-19 report that they had installed insulation in some of their buildings as well as upgrading some heating and lighting systems, as reported in Question 3f. This was estimated to reduce their emissions by 89.5 tCO2e per year.

5(b) How has procurement activity contributed to compliance with climate change duties?

Provide information relating to how procurement activity by the body has contributed to its compliance with climate changes duties.

N/A

5(c) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to procurement.

N/A

PART 6: VALIDATION AND DECLARATION

6(a) Internal validation process

Briefly describe the body's internal validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.

The report is submitted to the CEO for approval and the Board Chair for endorsement.

In relation to 1c, this figure is validated through payroll information (Source – Gareth Hill, Chief Accountant)

6(b) Peer validation process

Briefly describe the body's peer validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.

N/A

6(c) External validation process

Briefly describe the body's external validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.

In relation to 1e, the overall budget is published by the Scottish Government. (Source – Gareth Hill, Chief Accountant)

6(d) No validation process

If any information provided in this report has not been validated, identify the information in question and explain why it has not been validated.

N/A

6(e) Declaration

I confirm that the information in this report is accurate and provides a fair representation of the body's performance in relation to climate change.

Name: Neil Ferguson

Role in the body: Head of Corporate Functions

Date:

RECOMMENDED – WIDER INFLUENCE

Q1 Historic Emissions (Local Authorities only)

(Tables pre-populated – please select from the drop down the default target dataset > Subset, Full or Other.

Please indicate emission amounts and unit of measurement (e.g. tCO2e) and years. Please provide information on the following components using data from the links provided below. Please use (1) as the default unless targets and actions relate to (2).

- (1) UK local and regional CO2 emissions: **subset dataset** (emissions within the scope of influence of local authorities):
- (2) UK local and regional CO2 emissions: full dataset:

Table 1a / 1b

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Comments
Total	Populated										
emissions	with 2014										
	LA										
	datasets										
	DECC										
Industry &											
Commercial											
Domestic											

Transport						
Total						
Per capita						
Waste						
LULUCF Net						
Emissions						
Other						
Other (specify in comments)						
comments)						

Table 1c – to be populated by LA's if have own / other datasets as required.

Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Comments
Total emissions											
Industry & Commercial											
Domestic											
Transport Total											
Per capita											
Waste											
LULUCF Net Emissions											
Other (specify in comments)											

Q2a – Targets

Please detail your wider influence targets

Table 2

RPP Sector	Action Type	Descriptio	Type of	Baseline	Start Year	Targe	Target	Saving in	Latest	Comment
		n	Targets	Value		t	End Year	latest	year	s
			(units)			Savin		year	measured	
						g				

						measure		
Overall reduction target	Other (please specify in comments)	Dropdown selection: - Absolute (TCO2); - Percentage Emissions (%) - Per capita (TCO2/per) - Cumulative (TCO2) - Other (specify in comments)	Dropdown selection: 1990 - 2020	Dropdow n selection: 1990 - 2020	Dropdown selection: 2015 - 2040	d	Dropdow n selection: 1990 - 2040	
Energy	Dropdown selection: - Combined Heat & Power - District heating - Renewables – Wind; Solar Farm; Hydro; Wave / Tidal Geothermal - Other (specify in comments).							
Business, Industry and Public Sector	Dropdown selection: - Smart Metering							

		1	T	Τ	T		
	- Energy Efficiency –						
	Thermal; Electrical or						
	Combined;						
	- Low carbon heat						
	(heat pumps / biomass						
	boilers)						
	- New building						
	standards						
	- Renewable – Micro						
	wind; Photovoltaics or						
	solar thermal;						
	- Behavioural						
	- Other (specify in						
	comments)						
Homes and	Dropdown selection:						
communities	- Smart Metering						
	- Energy Efficiency –						
	Thermal; Electrical or						
	Combined;						
	- Low carbon heat						
	(heat pumps / biomass						
	boilers)						
	- New building						
	standards						
	- Energy company						
	obligation (ECO)						
	- Renewable – Micro						
	wind; Photovoltaics or						
	solar thermal;						
	- Behavioural						

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	- Other (specify in					
	comments)					
Transport	Dropdown selection:					
	- Modal Shift – Private					
	to Public Transport;					
	- Modal Shift – Private					
	vehicle to Active Travel					
	(Cycling / Walking)					
	- Decarbonising Private					
	Vehicles;					
	- Decarbonising Public					
	Transport;					
	- Travel plans					
	- Behavioural					
	- Other (please specify					
	in comments)					
Waste and Resource	Dropdown selection:					
Efficiency	- Reuse					
	- Enhanced recycling					
	- Energy from waste					
	- Improved treatment					
	technologies					
	- Improved landfill					
	management					
	- Improved wastewater					
	management systems;					
	Other (specify in					
	comments)					
Rural land use	Dropdown selection:		 		 	

	- Afforestation &				
	reforestation				
	- Conservation of				
	carbon in existing				
	forests				
	- Enhancing production				
	in existing forests				
	- Increasing the				
	harvested wood				
	products pool				
	- Enhanced forest				
	management				
	- Prevention of				
	deforestation				
	- Strengthening				
	protection against				
	natural disturbances				
	- Substitution of GHG				
	intensive feedstocks				
	and materials with				
	harvested wood				
	products				
	- Prevention of				
	drainage or rewetting				
	of wetlands				
	- Restoration of				
	degraded lands				
	- Other (specify in				
	comments)				
All sectors	Dropdown selection:				

	- SEAP					
	- Masterplanning					
	- Behavioural					
	- Other (specify in					
	comments)					
Other	- Other (specify in					
	comments)					

Q2b) Does the Organisation have an overall mission statement, strategies, plans or policies outlining ambition to influence emissions beyond your corporate boundaries? If so, please detail this in the box below.

Q3) Policies and Actions to Reduce Emissions Table 3.

RPP Sector	Action Type	Description	Start year for policy / action implementation	Year that the policy / Action will be fully implemented	Annual CO2 saving once fully implemented (tCO2)	Latest Year Measured
Drop down selection: Overall Reduction Target	Drop down selection: - Other (specify in comments)		Dropdown selection: 1990 - 2040	Dropdown selection: 1990 - 2040		Dropdown selection: 1990 - 2040
Energy	Drop down selection (as per table 2)					

Business Industry and Public	Drop down					
Sector	selection (as per					
Hamana and Camana mikina	table 2)					
Homes and Communities	Drop down selection (as per					
	table 2)					
Transport	Drop down					
•	selection (as per					
	table 2)					
Waste and Resource	Drop down					
Efficiency	selection (as per					
	table 2)					
Rural Land Use	Drop down					
	selection (as per					
All Sectors	table 2)					
All Sectors	Drop down selection (as per					
	table 2)					
Other	Drop down					
	selection (as per					
	table 2)					
Saving in latest year	Status	Metric /	Delivery Role	During project /	If yes, please give	Value of
measured (tCO2)		Indicators for		policy design and implementation,	further details of	investment (£)

		monitoring progress		has ISM or an equivalent behavior change tool been used?	this behavior change activity.	
	Dropdown selection: - Proposed - Budget secured - In implementation - Complete		Dropdown selection: - Direct - Indirect - Influencing - Enabling - Joint venture - Other (specify in comments)	Dropdown selection: - Yes – ISM - Yes – Other - No		
Ongoing costs (£ / year)	Primary funding source for implementation of policy / action	Accountable body	Comments			

(Multiple rows can be added as required within the online form)

Please provide any detail on data sources or limitations relating to the information provided in Table 3.

Q4) Partnership Working, Communication and Capacity Building.

Please detail your Climate Change Partnership, Communication or Capacity Building Initiatives below.

Key Action Title	Action Type	Organisation's project role	Lead organisation (if not reporting org)	Private partners	Public partners	3 rd sector partners	Outputs	Value to organisation	Total investment into partnership	Comments
Dropdown selection: - Partnership Working - Capacity building (i.e. staff training & development initiatives) - Research & Development - Education - Investment - Other	Dropdown selection: - Behaviour change - Awareness raising - Learning / Training - Skills / Capacity Building - Intra organisational communications - Multi organisation communications - Partnership working of sustainability	Dropdown selection: - Lead - Participant - Supporting								

Other Notable Reportable Activity

Q5) Please detail key actions relating to Food and Drink, Biodiversity, Water, Procurement and Resource Use in the table below.

Key Action Title	Key Action Description	Organisation's Project Role	Impacts	Comments
Dropdown selection: - Food and Drink - Biodiversity - Water - Resource Use - Procurement - Water - Other		Dropdown selection: - Lead - Participant - Supporting		

Appendix 1: Emission Factors

Gov.uk 2019 Factors can be found here - https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2019